

Copy the sheets, glue them onto card and laminate them. Cut out each box and randomly cut up each of them. The challenge for your students is to reassemble each statement. Consider the ability of the students when deciding how many pieces to cut each box into.

In the UK smoking kills over six times as many people as road and other accidents, murder, manslaughter, suicide, illegal drugs and AIDS all put together.

In Britain smokers throw away over 20 million empty packs and 300 million cigarette butts every day.

While you have been in this lesson another 12 United Kingdom citizens have died as a result of smoking. That means 300 people a day are killed by tobacco in the UK alone.

By the age of 11 one-third of children, and by 16 years two-thirds of children have experimented with smoking. In Great Britain about 450 children start smoking every day.

Carbon monoxide, the main poisonous gas in car exhausts, is present in all cigarette smoke. It binds to haemoglobin much more readily than oxygen, so the blood carries less oxygen.

Tobacco use kills around 120,000 people in the UK every year — 330 a day.

This is as if a jumbo jet crashed every day and killed all its passengers.

Cigarette smoking increases the risk of having a heart attack by two or three times, compared with the risk to non-smokers.

Thirty percent of cancer deaths are due to smoking. Smoking is linked to cancer of the lung, cervix, pancreas, bladder, kidney, liver, stomach, mouth, lip, throat and leukaemia.

It is estimated that several hundred cases of lung cancer in non-smokers in the UK every year are caused by passive smoking.

About 90% of cases of peripheral vascular disease, that lead to the amputation of one or both legs, are caused by smoking. There are about 2000 such amputations a year in the UK.

Emphysema is very serious and its damage cannot be undone. It is caused by substances in the lungs which cause irritation and swelling. Cigarette smoke is the most common cause.